

# **MUSKETS & BROADSWORD**

#### Orange County Chapter Sons of the American Revolution

May 2015

Time: Social Begins at 11:00am

Meeting: Called to Order at 11:30am

Website: www.orangecountysar.org

MEETING INFORMATION

Where: Sizzler Restaurant

When May 9, 2015

1401 N. Harbor Blvd.

Fullerton, CA

**Editor Jim Blauer** 

#### Officers

#### President

James W. Klingler 33 Bethany Drive Irvine, CA 92603-3519 <u>klingler@sbcglobal.net</u> Vice-President

### John Ferris

4603 E. Bond Ave. Orange, CA 92683-2730 <u>iferris@att.net</u> Corresponding Secretary

Gus Fischer 837 S. Sherill St. Anaheim, CA 92804-4022 ocgladiator@gmail.com

#### **Recording Secretary**

James F. Blauer 594 Hamilton St. #E Costa Mesa, CA 92627 jblauer@pacbell.net

#### Treasurer

Arthur A. Koehler 17422 Ireland Lane Huntington Beach, CA <u>treasurer@orangecountysar.org</u> Registrar

### M. Kent Gregory 3822 Denwood Avenue Los Alamitos, CA 90720 <u>drkentgregory@earhlink.</u> <u>Net</u>

#### Charl

Chaplain

Richard E. Adams 2304 Chestnut Ave. Orange, CA 92867 yangbon@hotmail.com

#### Chancellor

John L. Dodd 10072 Highcliff Drive Santa Ana, CA 92705 JohnLDodd@earthlink.net

# PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE

Fellow Compatriots,

It was great to see many of our Orange County Chapter members at the California State Society meeting on April 17 & 18 in Irvine. Those of you who attended the banquet on Saturday evening saw our compatriot and Chapter Registrar, Dr. Kent Gregory, inducted as the President of the California State Society of the SAR for 2015. We congratulate Compatriot Gregory on this important achievement, and we pledge our support to make his term of CASSAR President successful. In his acceptance speech, Compatriot Gregory made some key points which I have excerpted and included in this letter, because they are a great guide for us to follow:

"...In recent years, the national society of SAR has redirected its focus upon the mission of outreach education. It is important that we promote to American children today an understanding of how the historical events and the concepts of liberty, freedom, and justice created this nation.



"Tonight there are several important people in this room. But they are not the ones sitting at this head table. The most important people here are the chapter presidents and the chapter representatives from throughout California. I ask them now to return to their chapters with energies focused on THREE goals:

1) We need to connect better with our new members. Find ways for them to actively participate in your chapter.

2) Go out in public and promote American History! The most effective way is to wear your uniform and carry flags and muskets in public events. It visually stimulates children to learn more about our nation's founding.

3) Reach out and draw more students into our youth contests. We should have 10 times as many posters, brochures, essays, and speeches to judge.

"The Sons of the American Revolution, because of who we are, is uniquely suited for promoting the relevance of early American history to our current society. We need to do it, not just as a way to honor our ancestors, but to make a better nation for

#### our children and grandchildren..." (<u>Excerpt from</u> <u>CASSAR Inaugural Acceptance Speech by Dr. Kent</u> <u>Gregory on April 18, 2015.)</u>

Also, I want to remind our members that NSSA President General Lindsey Brock has challenged all SAR members to submit a biography of their patriot ancestor to perpetuate the memory of our ancestors, and provide a tool for recruiting new members. State Societies and Chapters who provide at least 20% submissions as calculated by the number of biographies submitted divided by the number of members as of January 1, 2015 will receive a streamer. These biographies must be submitted by June 1, 2015 in order to count towards the challenge. Biographies should be submitted to patriotbios@sar.org in a MS Word format of no more than 500 words. The submission should include the name of the member, his National number, State Society, and Chapter.

Thanks to all of you who are actively participating in our chapter, and I encourage those who have not yet found a place to serve to see me or one of our chapter officers to get involved. I look forward to seeing you at the Orange County Chapter meeting on May 9, the Field of Honor at Castaways Park in Newport Beach on May 15 & 16, and the Memorial Day Commemorations on May 25, where our Lee's Legion Color Guard will join other color guard units in the ceremonies.

> In Patriotism, **Jim Klingler**

### MAY SPEAKER Eyewitness over Hiroshima

Dr. Ray Biel, copilot and last surviving member of the B-29 atomic bombing missions over Japan will be interviewed by Captain Rich Suttie, USN (Ret.)

Captain Rich Suttie, US Navy (retired) was reared in San Diego and attended USC. He earned a Bachelor's Degree in Financial Management.

After college, Rich entered the Navy and spent 26 years active duty as a naval aviator. He commanded a Navy squadron and served on both the battleship USS Missouri and aircraft carrier USS Midway. Rich was also the Naval Attaché to the US Embassy, London, UK. His final assignment in the Navy was as the Assistant Dean of Academics at the Naval War College, Newport, Rhode Island where he taught strategic affairs and alternative geo-strategic futures.

Rich will be interviewing Dr. Ray Biel.

Dr. Ray Biel was born in Chicago in 1922. On August 6, 1945, Ray Biel was a 22-year-old co-pilot in a B-29 Super fortress based at Tinian Island in the Marianas. His plane, "Full House," was one of six B- 29s on a mission that dropped the first atomic bomb over Hiroshima.

### FIELD OF HONOR ARMED FORCES WEEKEND

Once again your chapter Color Guard will be participating in the Field of Honor Ceremonies on Armed Forces Weekend, May 15-17, 2015 at Castaways Park in Newport Beach. It is between 16th and PCH on Dover Drive by the Lutheran Church.

Friday is youth day. Members of the CASSAR Color Guard will join with the Buena Park HS JROTC Color Guard for the presentation of the Colors. Please be at the park no later than 9:00 a.m. if you plan to participate in the Friday program.

The Saturday dedication ceremony will begin at 12:00 noon. We will join with a USMC Color Guard during the presentation of the Colors. Please be at the park no later than 10:00 a.m. if you plan to participate in the Saturday program.

We will have a display table and canopy available to us.

The Field of Honor is a NSSAR National Color Guard event.

This event is put on by the Newport Harbor Exchange Club which covers Newport Beach and Costa Mesa. They will place 1776 American Flags along the trails of the Castaways Park. This to honor our military men and women.

If you would like to honor a military person at this event, you can do so by purchasing a Flag and a ribbon will be placed on your flag with the honoree you are dedicating it to. Also you may include a copy of a picture of your honoree and information on the individual and they will attach it to you flag. Flags are available at \$45 per honoree. You will be able to take your flag home on Sunday as the event comes to a close. If you need to have it delivered you can request that for an additional \$10 postage fee.

For more information about this special event, go to www.nhexchange.org/ to find out more about this event and how you can order a Flag to honor one of our military heroes, past or present.

#### MEMORIAL DAY CEREMONIES

Flag Placement on Veterans Graves at the Old Santa Ana Cemetery is Saturday May 23rd at 8:00am to about 10am. Memorial Day Services are Monday May 25th at 10:00 am. The location for these ceremonies is at the Soldiers Monument in the Old Santa Ana Cemetery off Santa Clara in Santa Ana. The ceremonies should end around 11:30am. There will be Civil War cannons and Camp Pendleton Marine Corps firing squad as we commemorate the 100th Anniversary of the Soldiers Monument (To Civil War unknown dead 1861-65) that was dedicated on Memorial Day in 1915, which was the 50th anniversary of the end of the Civil War. So we will celebrate the 100th Anniversary of the Monument and the 150th Anniversary of the end of the Civil War. A Memorial Day Barbecue will follow the Se vices at Santa Ana Veterans Hall. This Year's Theme: *100th Anniversary & Rededication of the Monument to the Unknown Dead of the Civil War*.

#### MEMBERS ATTEND JFTB TOUR

On April 30th, Jim & Un Hui Yi Fosdyck and Jim Blauer attended the Joint Forces Training Base at Los Alamitos. Here they were served a sumptuous lunch and given a tour of the base. They were able to meet and talk with the base Fire Department members and then went out to one of the Black Hawk Helicopters and were allowed to get in the machines to see what it was like. They were shown the Humvee simulator to train those going overseas what to expect and how to get out of a Humvee that is rolling over from a mine or other kind of blast. They were also taken into a shooting simulator and allowed to do target practice with the various guns/rifles they had set up for this demonstration. Lastly we were treated to the 40th division building where it has both offices and the walls are decorated with items about the group and its history.

#### HUNTINGTON LIBRARY EVENT

On May 2nd a group of your chapter members attended a special gathering at the Huntington Library in San Marino, Those who attended were from various hereditary societies and many belonged to more than one of the groups represented.

I am pleased to report your chapter members and their families turned out in full force. It was reported that there were just under 100 people in attendance. Your chapter was represented by David, John Paul, Lawrence, Richard, Elizabeth, Kathy and Lollie Beal, Jim Blauer, Jim & Un Hui Yi Fosdyck, Karen & Dan McKelvie, John and Liz Ferris, John, Karen & Lacy Dodd, Jim & Dolores Quinnelly and Jim's daughter Jane and her husband Tom Orbison. That is 21. Hopefully no one was left out of this list. That means your chapter was close to 1/4th of those who attended this special event.

It began about 11:30am by Governor Read from the Society of Colonial Wars, the host group for this event. Some of the various groups in attendance that he announced included, First Families of Maryland, Jamestown Society, War of 1812, Other SAR Chapters, Sons & Daughters of the Pilgrims, Order of Founders & Patriots, and Military Order of Foreign Wars.

We learned from speaker Ann Little about the life of Esther Wheelwright from her captivity under the natives, French and British to Mother Superior at a convent in Quebec.

Following the luncheon and lecture we split up into groups to tour specific areas of the library. Guided tours were given of the Library, Botanical Gardens and the art collection. Several of our members chose the Library Tour where they were privileged to see works by Shakespeare, Chaucer, Milton and more recently Jack London. These were not current printings but originals from the time when these authors lived. Most amazing was the 2 volumes of the Guttenberg Bible, one of about 49 in existence today. These are not normal sized books, but each one would be the size of four books placed in a square and about 3" thick. Our guide explained how the Old Testament moved from the first volume into the second where you would also find the New Testament. We learned of the paper or skin these early books were printed on and the use of colors and drawings in them. We also saw a portfolio of the works of John James Audubon. Amazing.

Should you ever have the chance to visit this library, you will not be disappointed when you do.

#### GIVE A SOLDIER A NIGHT OUT The Army Ball on the Queen Mary, Saturday, We are serious about our Soldiers 30th May 2015

Thousands of Soldiers from Southern California have deployed to Iraq and Afghanistan over the long decade of war in those countries. These are our own local heroes– men and women who've left their jobs, their families and their lives behind to serve our country. These Soldiers – and their families – have sacrificed more than most can ever imagine.

There are serious issues facing them as they return home: unemployment, homelessness, as well as the physical and mental strain of long deployments. They are just plain worn out!

The Greater Los Angeles Chapter of the Association of the United States Army is deeply committed to helping resolve these challenges.

We're providing emergency financial assistance to families, getting homeless Veterans into transitional housing, hosting training classes and workshops, providing holiday gifts for military families in need and many other family programs.

But sometimes all our Soldiers want is a night

out... a time to relax, be honored for their service and have a good time with their spouse or significant other.

This is an opportunity for a grateful community to honor them. Remember them. Salute them. Give them a bit of rest and relaxation (a.k.a. "fun!").

It is through the generous donations of individuals, companies and other groups that we are able to host these brave men and women to the annual Army Birthday Ball in Long Beach.

I can assure you, this night means a lot to them – the request for seats always far outstrips the donated seats available. I wish that everyone of you could see the joy on their faces as they dance the night away. Or the pride they show when asked to stand and be recognized by all present in the ballroom. They wear their uniforms with such honor.

The annual Army Birthday Ball will be held Saturday, 30 May at the legendary Queen Mary in Long Beach;

your donation can make it possible for a local Soldier to celebrate in style.

Please consider making a donation for our Soldiers. You can donate \$25, \$50, \$100 or more. There are opportunities to sponsor a whole table. Every donation makes a difference! Please consider sharing this so that they have the opportunity to make personal donations.

We have found many people are looking for a way to say "thank you."

The GLAC/AUSA Army Birthday Ball is once again shaping up as a spectacular event. Always elegant – and always fun. A four-star dinner, live entertainment, followed by dancing to the exciting music of a top-rate band. Miss California will again be with us. All of these entertainers have donated at least a portion of their normal fee to support our Soldiers.

To donate to this worthy cause you can go to <u>http://www.gofundme.com/GLAC\_AUSA</u>. If you have any questions you can contact, *COL Carl David*, USA, ret. 949-351-6213.

The cost for one soldier is \$175. For a couple \$350. To purchase a table for 10 is \$1750. See the donation form at the end of this newsletter.

## RICHARD STOCKTON

Signer of the Declaration of Independence

Richard Stockton was born on October 1, 1730 near Princeton New Jersey. He was the eldest of eight children born to John and Abigail Stockton. His family goes back to immigrant Richard, his wife Abigail and their son Richard II who arrived in New York in 1655. The are descendants of Sir John Stockton Lord Mayor of London in 1740, the Lord of Stockton Manor of Malpas Parish in Chester, England. In 1691 Richard had purchased 2000 acres of land in Burlington New Jersey. In 1701 Richard II purchased 5,500 acres from William Penn in Princeton. It was the fifth son of Richard II. John, that inherited the bulk of his



fathers estate and was the father of our subject here, Richard Stockton.

Richard Stockton received a strong education early on, beginning with his studies under Dr. Samuel Finley at the West Nottingham Academy in Maryland. He then went on to study at the College of New Jersey in Newark, where he received his degree in 1748. This college would later be moved to Princeton and with money donated by his father and uncle became Princeton University. He studied law under David Ogden of Newark, the most imminent lawyer in the colony at the time. Stockton was admitted to the bar in 1754, was moved to the grade of Counselor in 1758 and received the highest law degree available, the Sergeant-at-Law degree in 1763. He opened his law practice in Princeton in 1754 and opened a second office in Newark while becoming one of the most eloquent lawyers in the colonies.

In 1757 he wed Annis Boudinot and they made their home in Morven. There they had two sons and two daughters.

In June 1766 Richard Stockton sailed to London and for 15 months traveling throughout England Scotland and Ireland. His eloquence and deportment made him very popular. He was invited on several occasions to visit and stay at the homes/ manors of various British Lords of the realm. He was even invited to the Queen's Birthday Ball where he met George III and impressed him with his speech on the repeal of the Stamp Act by Parliament.

While in Scotland with several Earls and members of Edinburgh Castle, Richard Stockton in his role as a trustee of the College of New Jersey, met with the Rev. John Witherspoon. At first Rev. Witherspoon refused an offer made to him to become President of the College, but both Stockton and Benjamin Rush, a student at the medical college in Edinburgh, were able to convince the Rev. to accept.

With the Rev. Witherspoon's acceptance as the

President of Princeton, he would hold this position for the next ten years at which time he would become a signer of the Declaration of Independence along with Stockton and Rush. By this time Rush had married one of Stockton's daughters. Richard Stockton was a trustee of the college for 24 years as was his son Richard.

In 1768 Richard Stockton became a member of the Royal Executive Council of New Jersey. In 1774 he became a member of the Supreme Court of the colony.

Concerned about the possibility of war, on December 12, 1774 he wrote to Lord Dartmouth, then Secretary of the Colonies, "An Expedient for the Settlement of the American Disputes", a plan for selfgovernment of America, independent of Parliament, but owing allegiance to the Crown. "If something of the kind was not done", he warned Lord Dartmouth, "the result would be an obstinate, awful, and tremendous war".

When all attempts had been exhausted with no resolution of the differences between the Colonies and the Crown, Stockton resigned his royal appointments and in 1776 the Colony of New Jersey elected him to the Continental Congress.

On July 1, 1776 Stockton and the Rev. Witherspoon arrived in Philadelphia to attend the Continental Congress . Where they heard John Adams speak for the Declaration of Independence under debate at that time. He agreed with Mr. Adams' take on the situation before them and along with the Rev. Witherspoon and Benjamin Rush, his son-in-law, became a signer of this document.

In late August 1776 Stockton received an equal number of votes as Mr. Livingston for Governor. When approached he made it clear he had no desire to be governor. He was then elected Chief Justice, which he also declined preferring to serve in Congress.

He along with signer George Clymer of Pennsylvania made an arduous journey through the northern encampments to inspect and report back on the needed provisions. He sent his report on these needs to John Hancock, but there was no place from which to obtain these items and they had no money for which to pay for them if they could get them. He reported on how many of the men were without shoes and their legs were exposed. In a letter to Abraham Clark, a fellow signer, pleaded with him to get shoes and socks for these men who are risking their lives for them on a daily basis. He noted how cold it was and that he would give what few stockings he could, but was a "drop of water in the ocean" from what was needed.

In the Fall of 1776, the British invaded New Jersey. Richard rushed home and moved his family some 30 miles distance from Princeton to a friend's home. Having been betrayed by loyalists, on November 30, he was dragged from his bed and marched in freezing weather in only his night shirt and breeches, was turned over to the British and imprisoned in Perth Amboy and later New York.

He spent the cold winter of 1776-77 in the Provost prison in New York, where he was starved and left to the elements of the cold weather.

On January 3, 1777 General Washington was directed by Congress to protest to General Howe the inhumane treatment of Stockton and by Mid January Stockton was paroled by General Howe. He was required to not participate in the war any further, as was the custom of most paroles.

Stockton was very sick and near death upon his return home. His home had been plundered following his capture. His library, one of the finest in the colonies was burned.

General Cornwallis had taken over Morven, Stockton's home, occupying it, but also laying it to waste. As reported in a letter, Benjamin Rush wrote, "The whole of Mr. Stockton's furniture, apparel and even valuable writings have been burnt. All his cattle, horses, hogs, sheep, grain and forage have been carried away by them. His losses cannot amount to less that five thousand pounds."

With everything gone, Stockton was forced to accept help from his family and friends to survive. As he was not allowed to participate in the war as per his pardon, he resigned his seat in Congress. It was at least two years before he was able to recover his health.

Following his return rumors spread that for his release by General Howe he had to sworn allegiance to the King. This was just that, a rumor and has no basis in fact.

He returned to his law practice in order to support his family, but in 1779, just two years after his parole, he developed cancer of the lip. It went untreated and spread to his throat. He died on February 28, 1781, not living to see his country wins its freedom from Britain.

#### GENERAL WILLIAM HOWE

William Howe was the third and youngest son Emanuel Howe and his wife Charlotte. Charlotte was the daughter of Sophia von Kielmansegg, Countess of Leinster and Darlington, an acknowledged illegitimate half sister of King George I. His mother was a regular at the courts of George II and George II. This connection with the Royal Family may have improved the careers of all three sons, who all went into the military.

William joined the army at the age of 17, when he bought a coronet's commission in the Duke of Cumberland's Dragoons in 1746. He served during the War of the Austrian Succession for two years in Flanders. After the war he was transferred to the 20th Regiment of Foot where he met and befriended James Wolfe.

During the Seven Years or French & Indian War (1756-1763) his service brought him to America with the 58th (Rutlandshire) Regiment of Foot in February 1757. By December he was promoted to Colonel. He commanded the regiment at the Siege of Louisbourg in 1758. His actions brought about a commendation from General Wolfe. In 1779 at the Siege of Quebec, he commanded a light infantry battalion under General Wolfe. He was successful in several more battles leading to the British Victory in this war.

In 1758 his brother George died and he succeeded him as a member of Parliament representing Nottingham.

In 1764 he was promoted to the rank of Colonel in the 46th (South Devonshire) Regiment a Foot. Four years later he was appointed lieutenant governor of the Isle of Wight. As tensions increased between the colonies and the British Howe rose through the ranks of the military and became regarded as one of the best officers in the military. He received a promotion to Major General in 1772 and in 1774 introduced a new set of drills for the light infantry.

In Parliament he supported the American's position and opposed the intolerable Acts. He would not seek active duty against the Americans, believing that the British Army "could not conquer America".

In 1775 King George called upon Howe to serve, but did so reluctantly explaining that to refuse he would suffer "the odious name of backwardness to serve my country in distress".

In March he sailed to America. He was joined on this trip by Major Generals Henry Clinton and John Burgoyne and they arrive on May 25, 1775 at the port of Boston. While enroute they learned of the outbreak of the war and they provided naval reinforcements at the Battle of Bunker Hill. Howe, Clinton & Burgoyne mapped out a strategy to get to the high ground around Boston to attack the colonial militia. Word of this plan was leaked to the colonists who then in turn fortified Breeds and Bunker Hill, surprising the British. General gage gave General Howe the command of the operation to attack these fortifications.

On the afternoon of June 17th the Battle of Bunker Hill commenced. Howe was in charge of the right wing attack. In his first two attempts to assault the fortifications put up by the colonists, Howe was repulsed. His third assault was successful, but left the British Army with heavy casualties.

This battle had a mental effect on Howe though he himself was not injured. British Historian George Otto Trevelyan wrote the battle "exercised a permanent and most potent influence" particularly on Howe's behavior, and that his military skills in the future were "apt to fail him at the very moment when they were especially wanted".

As General Gage sailed for England on October 11, 1775 General Howe assumed the role as Commanderin-Chief of the British Army in America.

On August 27th the New York Campaign began when General Howe attacked the American Fortifications. The Americans were forced back to Brooklyn Heights. Instead of storming the fortifications at Brooklyn Heights he decided to advance on the entrenched Americans. This gave Washington the time he need for the troops to escape across the East River under cover of Fog on the night of August 29-30. As he was busy consolidating his control of New York City, he ordered the execution of Nathan Hale for espionage. He was successful in forcing Washington out of New York with the British Victory at White Plains on October, 1776.

Philadelphia was Howe's next target. At first he planned on a land assault, but then decided they should take the city by sea. Howe's troops began with the landing of troops at Head of Elk, Maryland in late August 1777. He advanced his British forces past the Americans at Cooch's Bridge and met Washington and his troops at the Battle of Brandywine. Following an engagement at Valley Forge, General Howe entered Philadelphia on September 26, 1777.

In October he sent a letter of resignation to London. He received notification that it had been accepted in April 1778. He sailed for England on May 24th. Upon his arrival he was confronted by criticism of his and his brother's conduct of the War.

In 1780 he lost his re-election bid for the House of Commons. In 17. He remained in the military through 1795 when he was appointed Governor of Berwick-on -Tweed.

When his brother Richard died in 1799 without leaving a male heir, Howe inherited the Irish titles and became the 5th Viscount Howe and Baron Clenawly. He resigned citing poor health in 1803 and in 1805 was appointed Governor of Plymouth. He died at Twickengham in 1814 after a long illness. Though he married Frances Connolly in 1765, they had no issue, so that all Titles died with him.



At left, speaker Herb Williams-Dalgart receives our Certificate of Appreciation for being our guest speaker.

At right, Jim Fosdyck received the SAR Military Service Veterans Corps Certificate.

President Klingler and Veteran's Affairs Vhairman Dan Henry help Barbara Winkler present a quilt from Quilts of Valor to Paul Median our Wounded Warrior for the month.



Mike Shanahan is presented the Bronze Good Citizenship Medal and Certificate by President Jim Klingler.





The Cable Family, our newest members, Russell, Richard and Russell—3 generations, are sworn in and presented their certificates and their rosettes.



President Klingler presents Hans Hunt with the SAR Law Enforcement Certificate and medal.



State Meeting









Top Left, President General Lindsey Brock and his wife Billie are picked up and chauffered to the hotel by Richard Adams in his Bentley.

Top Right the California Color Guard at the Memorial Service.

At left, Registration finds Gus Fischer, John Ferris and Dan McKelvie helping out.

Below Left, Orange County Members; Dan Henry, Jim Klingler and Jim Blauer standing. Seated are Dan & Karen McKelvie and Larry & Sharon Wood. Below Larry Wood tolls the bell as each name of the deceased members is read by Chaplain Adams.





## State Meeting (Con't)

At left, General Washington makes a surprise visit and addresses those at the banquet.

At right, Un Hui Yi Fosdyck becomes the first recipient of the new Pineapple Hospitality Pin. It is pinned on by First Lady Billie Brock.





Our Chapter winner in the Eagle Scout Scholarship Contest, Russell Cecil also won the State Contest and receives his award with his family. Below Karen Carlson received the Daughters of Liberty award from President Faulkinbury.





Above flanked by Jim Klingler and Jon Vreeland on the left and Kent Gregory and Dan McKelvie on the right are the recipients of the Community Service Awards.

Below Mike Shanahan receives the Silver Good Citizenship medal from State President Jim Faulkinbury.



## State Meeting (Con't)



Richard Adams, left and Jim Fosdyck, right are presented the Preisent General's Aide de Camp pins for their service to the PG during his visit to our state meeting.





The Ladies Auxiliary and the State officers are installed by Former PG Joseph Dooley.

Lisa Gregory is our new Ladies Auxiliary President .





At left, Kent Gregory (second from left) and Jim Blauer (second from right) receive the Roger Sherman Silver Medal and Certificate from State President Jim Faulkinbury.

At right, Having been sworn in as our new state president, Kent Gregory has the ribbon of office placed around his neck by his wife Lisa.







The Exchange Club of Newport Harbor will host the 6th Annual Field of Honor



In conjunction with Armed Forces Day May 15 - 17, 2015

1776 3' x 5' US flags will fly in honor of all military men and women

Please join us at

Castaways Park, Dover Dr. & 16th Street Dedication ceremony at Noon on Saturday, May 16, 2015

Dedicate a flag in honor of those who protect us Flags available for \$45 per honoree

100% of net proceeds will be donated to families of our service men and women, other Americanism projects and youth charities in our community.

# "Give a Soldier a Night Out" Donation Form



Yes, I would like to say, "Thank You For Your Service!"

I would like to give a Soldier a special night out at the **Army Birthday Ball** on Saturday, 30 May 2015 as my personal way of saying "Thank you" for serving our country.

My tax deductible donation	is:
One Table for 10 Soldie	ers (\$1750)
One Couple (\$350)	
One Soldier (\$175)	
\$100	
\$50	
\$25	
Other: \$	
Payment Options Check Enclosed America Card Number:	an Express
Card Holder's Signature:	
Expiration Date:	Total Amount To Be Paid: \$
Name (as it appears on card):	
Billing Address:	
Telephone: ()	Email:
John Ventimiglia, Chapter Treasure 18162 Vestry Circle, Huntington Beach, CA 92648	Ventimiglia VENTIMJJ@MAC.COM or mailed to:

Sponsored by the Greater Los Angeles Chapter Association of the United States Army

For more information, please contact: Carl David, 2015 Army Ball Chairman 562-799-9630 ourcampdavid@att.net

A A A A A	From Ball	
THIN STORE	CELEBRATING 240 YEARS OF SERVICE TO THE NATION	

The Internal Revenue Service has recognized the Association of the United States Army as exempt from federal tax pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code, Section 501 (c) (1). Donations to organizations exempt from Federal income tax under Section 501 (c) (1) are Deductible in accordance with Internal Revenue Code, Section 170 The GLAC AUSA Tax ID Number is 53-019336